

Smart transmitter/Gas Detector Head SD-1RI (TYPE MED EX)

Operating Manual

(PT2E-195)

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Operating Precautions

This detector is a gas detector that detects combustible gases, toxic gases in the air and triggers a gas alarm.

The gas detector is a safety unit, not an analyzer or densitometer which performs quantitative/qualitative analysis/measurement for gases.

Please fully understand the following points before using it, so that it can be used properly.

- This detector may be interfered by gases and vapors other than the gas to be detected.
 Please note that the alarm may be triggered by interference. In addition, it may be fluctuated by environmental (temperature, humidity, etc.) changes in the installation site.
 Perform zero adjustment regularly (every 1 month).
- 2. Do not use the gas detector in a place where the temperature changes drastically (about 10-15°C or more).
- 3. The alarm must be set within a range where the performance of the detector can be ensured. In facilities compliant with the High Pressure Gas Safety Act, an alarm setting below our standard alarm setpoint may trigger a false alarm.
- 4. This is a safety unit, not a control unit. If use in safety unit, the analog signal output of the detector must be used for an indicator or external recorder. If these outputs are used to control other units, we shall not be responsible for any malfunctions.
- 5. Please contact us because a pretreatment device is required for gas sampling from locations with high humidity, dust, or acid mist.
- 6. For maintenance of the gas detector, it is necessary to perform a regular inspection including replacement adjustment of the regular replacement parts described in the operating manual.

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1 Outline of the Product 1-1. Preface

1

Outline of the Product

1-1. Preface

Thank you for choosing our smart transmitter/gas detector head SD-1RI(TYPE MED EX). Please check that the model number of the product you purchased is included in the specifications on this manual.

This manual explains how to use the detector and its specifications. It contains information required for using the detector properly. Not only the first-time users but also the users who have already used the product must read and understand the operating manual to enhance the knowledge and experience before using the detector.

1-2. Purpose of use

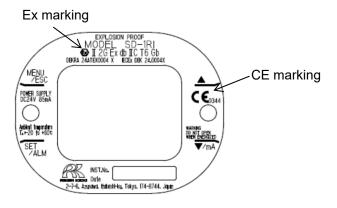
- The detector is fixed type gas detector head that detects leak of combustible gas and has analog signal output(4-20mA).
- The detector detects abnormalities in the air caused by presence of gases or other reasons (leak) with the built-in gas sensor. The concentrations of detected gases are displayed on the seven-segment LED.
- The detector outputs gas concentration in 4 20 mA.
- The detector has HART communication function. The HART communication function can be used only during maintenance.
- This detector is a safety unit, not an analyzer or densitometer which performs quantitative/qualitative
 analysis/measurement for gases. Please fully understand the features of the detector before using it, so
 that it can be used properly.

1-3. Definition of DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and NOTE

DANGER	This message indicates that improper handling may cause serious damage on life, health or assets.
WARNING	This message indicates that improper handling may cause serious damage on health or assets.
CAUTION	This message indicates that improper handling may cause minor damage on health or assets.
NOTE	This message indicates advice on handling.

1-4. Method of confirmation for Standards and Explosion proof specification

This instrument has some specification depends on standard and explosion proof certificate. Please confirm the detector specification before using. Please refer Declaration of Conformity that is at the end of this manual if you have CE marking type. You can confirm instrument specification to see name plate as follows.



ATEX/IECEx.
CE marking type name plate

2

Important Notices on Safety

2-1. Danger cases



DANGER

<About explosion-proof>

- The window plate material is a polycarbonate resin. Do not use organic solvents and alkali types (liquid or vapor). It may cause the color and shape of the window plate to be changed.
- Do not open the lid when applying current.
- Do not attempt to repair the detector.
- For the lid, use hexagon socket head bolts specified by RIKEN KEIKI.
- Do not apply a strong force or shock to the window plate. The explosion-proof performances may be
 deteriorated due to damages. The explosion protection conditions for the detector is "low (2J)"
 possibility of mechanical damage.
- Ambient temperature:
 - -20 to +60°C
 - (The ambient temperature on explosion-proof certification is described above and it indicates the temperature range which can maintain the explosion-proof performance and not the product performance, see "10-1. List of specifications" for details.)
- Do not replace parts at your sole discretion but contact RIKEN KEIKI if the transparent window has a crack or the explosion-proof joint surface is abnormal, or the clamping screw or bolt is changed, lost etc.
- Do not repair the explosion-proof joint surface.
- Be careful not to hit sharp tools against the window plate.
- Nitrile rubber (NBR) is used for the cable gland component. The organic solvents and alkalis (liquid or vapor) present in the measurement environment may not be able to maintain the explosion-proof performance.

2-2. Warning cases



WARNING

Power supply

Before turning on the detector, always check that the voltage is properly applied. Do not use an unstable power supply because it may cause malfunctions.

Need of grounding circuit

Do not cut the grounding circuit or disconnect the wire from the grounding terminal.

Defects in protective functions

Before starting the detector, check the protective functions for defects. When seeming defects are found in the protective functions, such as protective grounding, do not start the detector.

External connection

Before connecting the detector to the external control circuit, securely connect it to a protective grounding circuit.

Zero adjustment in the atmosphere

When the zero adjustment is performed in the atmosphere, check the atmosphere for freshness before beginning the adjustment. If other gases exist, the adjustment cannot be performed properly, thus leading to dangers when the gas leaks.

Response to a gas alarm

Issuance of a gas alarm indicates that there are extreme dangers. Take proper actions based on your judgment.

2-3. Precautions



CAUTION

Do not use a transceiver near the detector.

Radio wave from a transceiver near the detector or its cables may disturb commands. If a transceiver is used, it must be used in a place where it disturbs nothing.

To restart the detector, wait for five seconds or more before doing it.

Restarting the detector within five seconds may cause errors.

Do not use the external output of the detector to control other units.

This is not a control unit. It is not allowed to use the external output of the detector to control other units.

Do not disassemble/modify the detector, or change the settings if not necessary.

Disassembling/Modifying the detector will invalidate the warranty of the performance. Changing the settings without understanding the specifications may cause alarm malfunctions. Please use the detector properly in accordance with the operating manual.

Avoid applying organic solvents and others to the window plate for a long time.

The window plate material is a polycarbonate resin. When organic solvents (liquid or highly-concentrated vapor) and others are applied to the plate for a long time, its color and shape may be changed.

Do not forget to perform a regular maintenance.

Since this is a safety unit, a regular maintenance must be performed to ensure safety. Continuing to use the detector without performing a maintenance will compromise the sensitivity of the sensor, thus resulting in inaccurate gas detection.

2-4. Safety Information

Necessary information for explosion proof construction of Model SD-1RI (TYPE MED EX).

The Model SD-1RI is a fixed mount, continuous-monitoring detector head and provides a 4-20mA signal which indicates the target gas reading for use by a gas monitoring controller, recording device, or programmable controller.

Technical Data

(Applicable Standard)

(Protection Method) Flameproof enclosure "d" (Certificate Numbers) IECEx DEK 24.0004X DEKRA 24ATEX0004 X

(Group) II (Category) 2 G

(Type of Protection and Marking code) Ex db IIC T6

(Equipment Protection Level) Gb

(Ambient Temperature)* -20°C to +60°C

(Electrical Data) Supply voltage: 24 VDC±10% (Typ.)

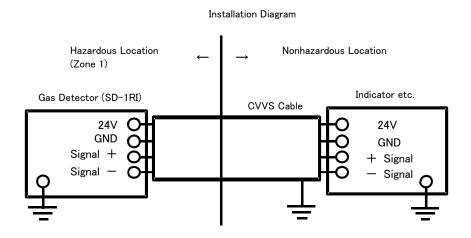
Output signal (4 to 20 mA): 24VDC 22mA EN IEC 60079-0: 2018, EN 60079-1: 2014

(Manual Number) PT2E-195

Specific conditions of "X"-mark:

- The property class of the cover screws is at least A*-70.
- The plastic window is submitted to tests corresponding to the low risk of mechanical danger.
- The flameproof joints not intended to be repaired.

Installation



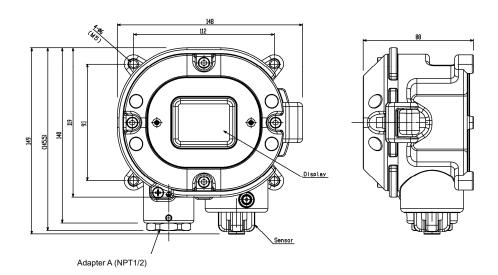
^{*} The ambient temperature on explosion-proof certification is described above and it indicates the temperature range which can maintain the explosion-proof performance and not the product performance, see "10-1. List of specifications" for details.

3

Product Components

3-1. Gas detector and standard accessories

<Main Unit>



<Standard Accessories>

- Operating manual · · · · · · one
- Dedicated handling lever · · · · one
- Dedicated control key····· The supplied quantity depends on the number of units to be delivered.

1 to 10 units	one
11 to 20 units	two
21 to 50 units	three
over 51 units	four

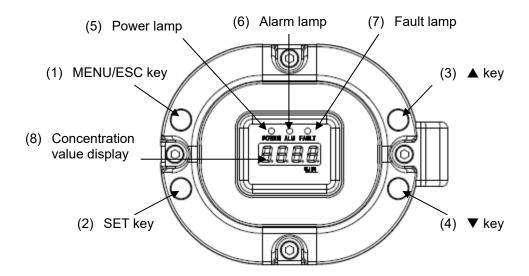


CAUTION

Use the supplied dedicated control key to operate the detector. If products other than these accessories are used, key operations cannot be accepted properly.

Note that the control key is made of extremely strong magnet. Putting it close to a magnetic product, such as a credit card and ID card, may damage the stored data.

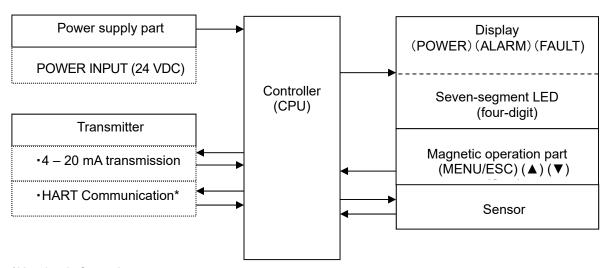
3-2. Names and functions for each part



(1)	MENU/ESC key	Used to enter the maintenance mode. It is also used to cancel in a specific mode.	
(2)	SET key	It is used for value confirmation and so on in a specific mode.	
(3)	▲ key	Used to switch menus or change a value (UP).	
(4)	▼ key	Used to switch menus or change a value (DOWN).	
(5)	Power lamp	Power lamp. Detection mode: It lights up in green. Maintenance mode: It blinks in green.	
(6)	Alarm lamp	Alarm lamp. It lights up in red when the alarm setpoint value is reached.	
(7)	Fault lamp	Fault lamp. It lights up in yellow when an abnormality is detected in the detector.	
(8)	Concentration value display	Displays the gas concentration and so on.	

3-3. Block diagram

<Electric Diagram>



^{*}Used only for maintenance.

4

How to Use

4-1. Before using the detector

Not only the first-time users but also the users who have already used the product must follow the operating precautions.

Ignoring the precautions may damage the detector, resulting in inaccurate gas detection.

NOTE

• Regarding the use, setting, and maintenance of gas detectors, it is recommended to refer to standards that are appropriate for each country's regulations. Example) IEC 60079-29-2, EN 60079-29-2, NFPA 70.

4-2. Precautions for installation points



CAUTION

This is a precision device. Because the detector may not provide the specified performance in some places (environments), check the environment in the installation point, and then take appropriate actions if necessary.

Because the detector plays an important role for safety and disaster prevention, as many units of the detector as needed must be installed in appropriate points.

Because points where gases leak and remain easily are different depending on the types of gases and the working areas, please decide carefully installation points and the number of units to be installed.

Do not install the detector in a place with vibrations or shocks.

The detector consists of sensitive electronic parts. The detector must be installed in a stable place without vibrations or shocks and it cannot drop.

Do not install the detector in a place exposed to water, oil or chemicals.

When selecting installation points, avoid a place where the detector is exposed to water, oil or chemicals.

Do not install the detector in a place where the range of operating temperatures is exceeded.

The detector must be installed in a stable place where the operating temperature is maintained and do not change suddenly.

*For operating temperature range, see "10-1. List of specifications" for details.

Do not install the detector in a place exposed to direct sunlight or sudden changes in the temperature. When selecting installation points, avoid a place where it is exposed to direct sunlight or radiant heat (infrared rays emitted from a high-temperature object), and where the temperature changes suddenly. Condensation may be formed inside the detector, or the detector cannot adjust to sudden changes in the temperature.

Keep the detector (and its cables) away from noise source devices.

When selecting installation points, avoid a place where high-frequency/high-voltage exist.

Do not install the detector in a place where maintenance of the detector cannot be performed or where handling the detector involves dangers.

Regular maintenance of the detector must be performed.

Do not install the detector in a place where the machinery must be stopped when maintenance is performed in its inside, where parts of the machinery must be removed to perform maintenance, or where the detector cannot be removed because tubes or racks prevent access to it. Do not install the detector in a place where maintenance involves dangers, for example, near a high-voltage cable.

Do not install the detector in machinery which is not properly grounded.

Before installing the detector in machinery, the machinery must be grounded properly.

Do not install the detector in a place where other gases exist around it.

The detector must not be installed in a place where other gases exist around it.

4-3. Precautions for system designing



CAUTION

An unstable power supply and noise may cause malfunctions or false alarms.

The descriptions in this section must be reflected on the designing of a system using the detector.

Using a stable power supply

The external output of the detector may be activated when the power is turned on, when momentary blackout occurs, or when the system is being stabilized. In such cases, use a UPS, or take appropriate actions on the receiving side of output signals.

The detector must be provided with the following power supply.

Power supply voltage	24 VDC±10%: Terminal voltage of the detector	
Allowed time of momentary blackout	Up to 30 milliseconds (To recover from the momentary blackout for 30 milliseconds or more, restart the detector.) Example of actions To ensure continuous operation and activation, install a UPS outside the detector.	
Others	Do not use it with a power supply of large power load or high-frequency noise.	Example of actions Use a line filter to avoid the noise source if necessary.

Introducing protective measures against lightning

If cables are installed outside the factory/plant, or if internal cables are installed in the same duct as the cables coming from outside the factory/plant, "lightning" will cause problems. Because lightning acts as a large emission source while cables act as a receiving antenna, devices connected to the cables may be damaged.

Lightning cannot be prevented. Cables installed in a metal conduit or under the ground cannot be completely protected from inductive lightning surge caused by lightning. Although complete elimination of disasters caused by lightning is impossible, the following protective measures can be taken.

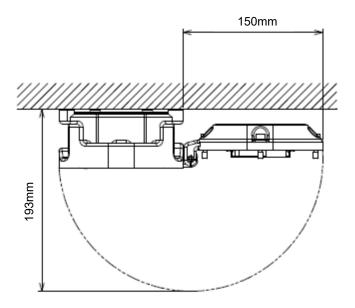
Protection against lightning	Take appropriate measures in accordance with the importance of the facilities and the environment. • Provide protection by a lightning arrester (cable safety retainer). (Although inductive lightning surge can be transmitted through the cable, it is prevented by installing a lightning arrester before the field devices and central processing equipment. For information on how to use a lightning arrester, please contact the manufacturer.)
Grounding	In addition to lightning, there are more sources of surge noise. To protect units from these noise sources, the units must be grounded.

^{*} The lightning arrester has a circuit to remove a surge voltage which damages field devices, so that signals may be attenuated. Before installing a lightning arrester, verify that it works properly.

4 How to Use 4-4. How to install

4-4. How to install

<Installation Dimensions and Maintenance Space>



The following installation requirements must be met to install the detector.

- Attach the detector on the wall and others using four M5 screws.
- Tighten the hexagon socket head cap screws fixing the lid and the main body with the tightening torque of 215.6±24.5N·cm.
- When closing the lid of the detector, please wipe the screw and the mating surface of the main body and the lid, and apply our company-specified grease.
- To maintain compliance to EN 60079-29-1, ensure orientation is within ±90° of normal on installation. (Sensor part installed downward)



CAUTION

<u>Do not install the detector in a place where maintenance of the detector cannot be performed or where handling the detector involves dangers.</u>

Regular maintenance of the detector must be performed.

Do not install the detector in a place where the machinery must be stopped when maintenance is performed in its inside, where parts of the machinery must be removed to perform maintenance, or where the detector cannot be removed because tubes or racks prevent access to it. Do not install the detector in a place where maintenance involves dangers, for example, near a high-voltage cable.

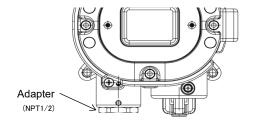
NOTE -

- Hexagon socket head cap screws with strength class "A2-70" are used.
 When you lost or replace it, we recommend that you ask our local sales office nearest you.
- Our company-specified grease: BARRIERTA JFE 552 (NOK KLUBER made)
 If you can not prepare the specified grease, please use one that meets the following requirements.
 - 1. Those not cured by deterioration
 - 2. Those containing no volatile solvent
 - 3. Those which do not cause corrosion on joint surfaces
 - 4. Those not including silicon type

4-5. Installation procedure

The detector comes with adapter A (NPT 1/2) as standard.

Please prepare the Ex cable gland that is suitable for the adapter.





WARNING

 Do not replace parts at your sole discretion but contact RIKEN KEIKI if the transparent window has a crack or the explosion-proof joint surface is abnormal, or the clamping screw or bolt is changed, lost etc.

NOTE

- Our company-specified grease : BARRIERTA JFE 552 (manufactured by NOK KLUBER) If you can not prepare the specified grease, use one that meets the following requirements.
 - 1. Material does not harden due to deterioration
 - 2. Volatile solvent-free
 - 3. Material does not cause corrosion at the surface
 - 4. Silicon-free
 - 5. Validation of suitability depends on the specifications of grease manufacturer

4-6. How to wire



CAUTION

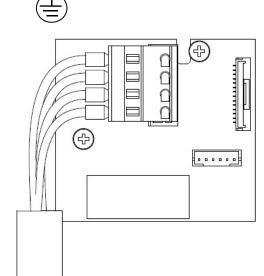
• Be careful not to damage the internal electronic circuit when wiring. In addition, be careful not to apply stresses on the detector when (overweight) cables are installed.

- The power cables and signal cables must not be installed together with the motor power cables, etc. When these cables must be installed together for unavoidable reasons, put the power cables and signal cables in a metal conduit. The conduit must be connected to a grounding circuit.
- When stranded wires are used, prevent wires from contacting each other.
- Use the dedicated handling lever to wire.
- · Use appropriate cables to wire.

<Recommended Cable>

3-wire	CVVS1.25 mm ² or 2.0mm ² - 3-core
4-wire	CVVS1.25 mm ² or 2.0mm ² - 4-core

<Figure of Terminal Plate>



DC24V	DC+	1
DC24V	DC-	2
4-20mA	Sig+	3
HART	Sig-	4

Grounding terminal



<Specifications of Terminal Plate>

Specifications of terminal plate

- Rated voltage: 250 VAC
- Rated current: 12 A

However, it depends on cables to be used.

Connection conditions

- Cables: 0.25 2.5 mm²
- Bare wire length: 8 9 mm
- Connecting tool: Dedicated handling lever (accessory) or driver (edge 3.5 x 0.5 mm)

<When 4-20mA output is not used>

This detector has a self-diagnosis function which shows E-9 on LED display when 4-20mA is not properly outputted.

If 4-20mA output is not necessary, connect the following fixed resistance (lead type) to the terminal 2 and 3 ("Sig+" and "-(common)").

Resistance value : $100-300\Omega$ Rated power : 0.25W or more

Insert a cable and the above resistance together into Terminal 2 (common), and insert lead part of the resistance into terminal 3 (Sig+). After that, check the immovability.



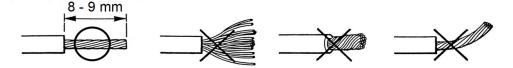
CAUTION

The specified bare wire length must be observed when the wire insulation is peeled off.

Improper clamping of the wire due to a shorter bare wire length may cause defective electrification or heating.

Damaging the wire insulation due to a shorter bare wire length may cause defective electrification or heating.

Exposing the wire due to a longer bare wire length may cause defective insulation or a short circuit. Be careful not to break up the wire. If the wire is broken up when inserted to the terminal, this may cause defective insulation or heating.



Compatible bar terminal

For a bar terminal, the following items are available.

- Bar terminal (ferrule): Model 216 Series (manufactured by WAGO)
- Crimping tool: Model VarioCrimp 4 (206-204) (manufactured by WAGO)



CAUTION

A bar terminal of the specified model must be used. Using other bar terminals invalidates the warranty of the performance.

<How to Connect to Terminal Plate>

When cables are connected to the connectors, use the dedicated lever or a flathead screwdriver to do it as shown below.



CAUTION

The right tools must be used.

In principal, one wire can be connected to one wiring hole.

When the wire is inserted into the driver slot by mistake, it does not contact the conductive part. This may cause defective electrification or heating.

When the wire is inserted under the spring by mistake, it does not contact the conductive part. This may cause defective electrification or heating.

NOTE-

<How to Use the Dedicated Handling Lever>



Push the lever with your finger to lower the spring in its inside.



While holding down the lever, insert the wire into the (round) wiring hole until it reaches the deepest point. Once the lever is released, the wire is secured.

To check whether the wire is connected securely, pull the wire gently. (Do not pull the wire strongly.)

<Grounding>

Connect the detector to your grounding terminal with the external terminal

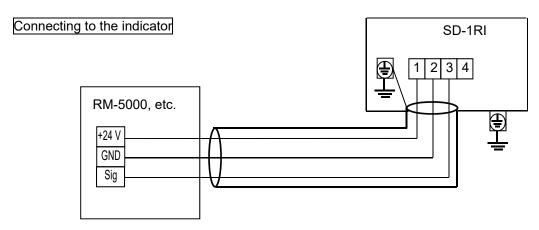


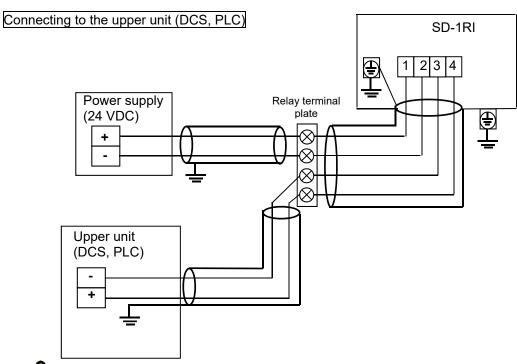


WARNING

- Before turning on the detector, do not forget to connect it to a grounding terminal.
- For stable operation of the detector and safety, it must be connected to a grounding terminal. Do not connect the grounding wire to a gas pipe.
- The grounding must be made as D type grounding (below 100 Ω of grounding resistance).
- For the grounding wire, use cable lugs to safely connect it to a grounding terminal without looseness or twist.
- To connect the grounding wire to the internal grounding terminal of the main unit, use crimp terminal, and use external grounding wire with a cross sectional area of 4 mm² or more for the external grounding terminal.

<Wiring Example>







CALITION

If HART communication is used, check so that wiring load resistance that constitute 4-20mA loops, amount to 250 Ω -300 Ω .

5

How to Operate

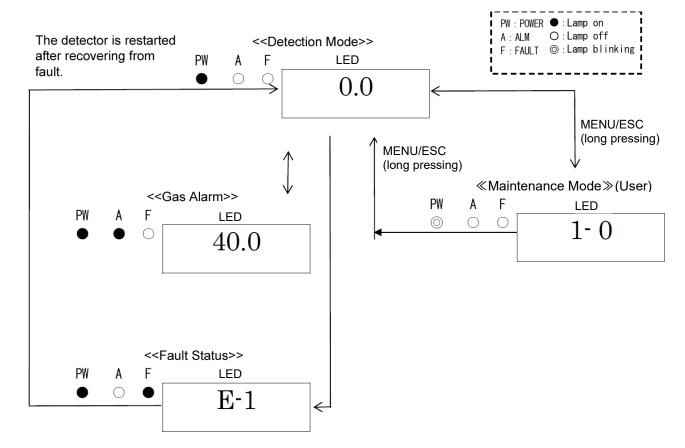
5-1. Preparation for start-up

Before supplying power, read and understand the following precautions. Ignoring these precautions may cause an electric shock or damage the detector.

- · Connect the detector to a grounding circuit.
- Check that the wiring is connected to external device properly.
- Check that the power supply voltage is compliant with the specifications.

5-2. Basic operating procedures

Normally, the detection mode is activated after the power is turned on.





WARNING

When the detector enters other mode from the detection mode while an alarm is activated, the alarm is reset

5-3. How to start the detector

- Before supplying power (24 VDC) to the detector, check that the detector is installed properly.
- Supply power (24 VDC) to the detector (turn on the detector).
- After the detector completes the start-up, it enters the detection mode swiftly.



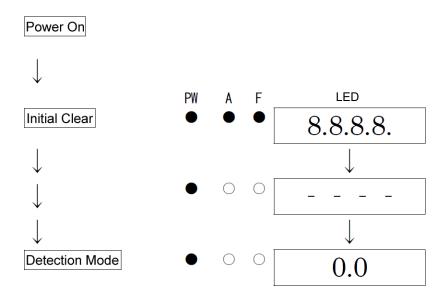
CAUTION

- Do not turn off the detector during the initial clear. The detector is reading the internal memory during the initial clear.
- If the detector is installed newly or the new sensor is replaced, the sensor must be warmed up for a specified period which is determined depending on the type of the sensor after the detector is started.
- After the warm-up is completed, perform a gas calibration.

NOTE:

<<Start-up Operation Procedures>> (approximately 25 seconds for system check of the detector and alarm deactivation)

Power on → Initial clear (approximately 25 seconds) → Detection mode



5 How to Operate 5-4. Modes

5-4. Modes

Details on each mode are provided as follows.



CAUTION

• Do not change the settings if not necessary. Changing the settings without understanding the specifications may cause malfunctions.

Mode	Item	LED display	Details
Detection Mode	-	Gas concentration	Normal state
N 4 - i - 4	ROM/SUM Display	1-0	Display the program version and others. This is not typically used by the user.
Maintenance Mode	Zero Adjustment	1-1	Perform the zero adjustment.
(User)	Setting Display	1-2	Display various setting values.
(2221)	Switch to the regular maintenance mode	1-3	Switch to the regular maintenance mode.
	Test Mode	2-0	Perform various tests. 2-0.0 Gas Test 2-0.1 Alarm Test 2-0.2 Fault Test 2-0.3 LED Test 2-0.4 Memory Test
	Zero Adjustment	2-1	Perform the zero adjustment.
	Span Adjustment	2-2	Perform the span adjustment.
	Zero/Span Initialization	2-3	Initialize zero/span values.
Maintenance Mode (Regular maintenance)	Environmental Setting	2-4	Used for various environmental settings. 2-4.0 Sensor power supply ON/OFF 2-4.1 INHIBIT Setting 2-4.2 Alarm Setpoint Setting 2-4.3 Alarm Delay Time Setting 2-4.4 Alarm Pattern Setting 2-4.5 Zero Suppression Pattern Setting 2-4.6 Zero Suppression Value Setting 2-4.7 Not used 2-4.8 Not used 2-4.9 Not used 2-4.A Maintenance Mode External Output Setting 2-4.B External Output Setting 2-4.B External Output Setting 2-4.C Alarm Test External Output Setting 2-4.D Sensor Temperature Compensation Coefficient Setting 2-4.E Password Setting 2-4.F Sensor Fault Alarm Pattern Setting 2-4.H Sensor Voltage Standardize Adjustment 2-4.I Sensor Output Record
	Display	2-5	Display various electrical settings. This is not typically used by the user.
	Switch to factory mode	2-6	Not used
	Switch to user mode	2-7	Returns to the user mode.

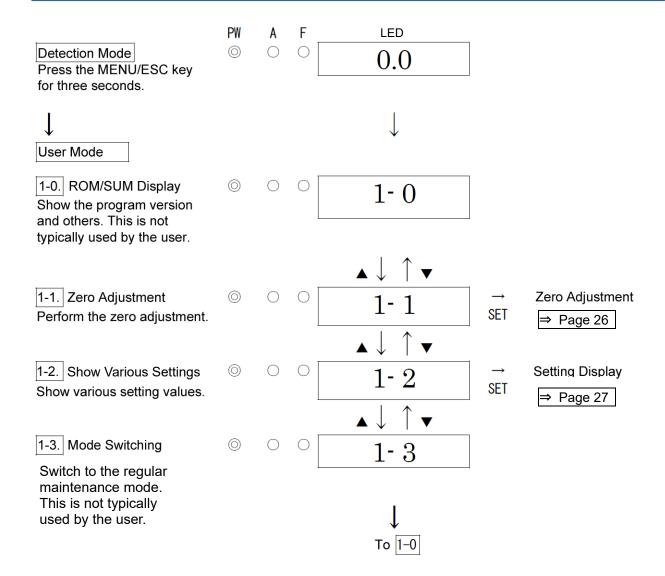
^{*} Maintenance mode has setting item with important tool. As operation that mistook for this reason may be occurred, this detector to malfunction, our service engineer for maintenance manipulate. This is not typically used by the user.

5-5. Maintenance Mode(User)



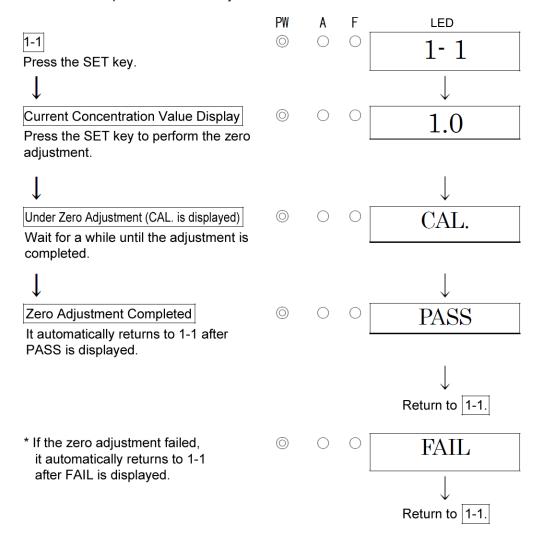
WARNING

After the adjustment is completed, never fail to press MENU/ESC key to return to the detection mode. (If the detector remains in the user mode, it automatically returns to the detection mode in ten hours.)



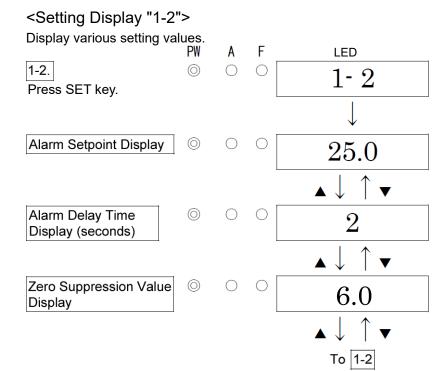
<Zero Adjustment "1-1">

This is used to perform the zero adjustment.



NOTE

 If the zero calibration failed since the zero point was significantly fluctuated from around zero, it returns to 1-1 after FAIL rather than PASS is displayed. In this case, the zero adjustment has not been completed. 5 How to Operate 5-6. How to exit



5-6. How to exit

To turn off the detector, turn off the power supply (24 VDC) to the detector.



WARNING

- When the detector is turned off, an alarm may be activated on the upper (central) system.
- Before turning off the detector, INHIBIT (point skip) on the upper (central) system must be activated. Decide whether power can be turned off by checking the operation of the devices connected to the external output terminal of the detector.

6

Operations and Functions

6-1. Gas alarm activation

Gas alarm: Activated when the concentration of detected gas reaches or exceeds the alarm setpoint value. <<Auto-Reset>>

NOTE =

The alarm setpoint is factory-set. Although the alarm delay time (standard: 2 seconds) works in the detector to prevent a false activation, it can be cancelled if not needed.

<Display Operation>

Gas Concentration Display

Power Indicator Lamp (POWER: Green)

During operation, this lights up continuously.

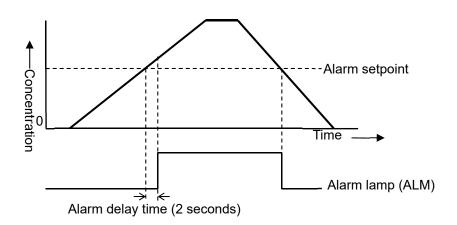
Alarm Indicator Lamp (ALM: Red)

It lights up when the alarm setpoint value is reached to or exceeded.

<Alarm Activation>

It lights up when the gas concentration reaches or exceeds the alarm setpoint value.

The Alarm activation is reset automatically when the gas concentration drops below the alarm setpoint value.



<Response to Gas Alarm>

A gas concentration value exceeds the alarm setpoint

When a gas alarm is triggered, take actions in accordance with your management rules of gas alarm. Normally, take the following actions.

Check the reading of the detector.

NOTE:

If a gas leak is momentary, the reading may already have dropped when checking it. In addition, when the alarm is triggered by noise or other incidental conditions other than a gas, the reading may have already dropped.

- Based on your management rules of gas alarm, no one can be allowed to access the monitored zone to ensure safety.
- If the gas concentration display continues to be displayed, close the main valve of the gas, and then check that the gas concentration reading dropped.
- Equipped with a protective gear to avoid dangers caused by possibly remaining gases, before accessing
 the gas leak point, and then check that gases remain by using a portable gas detector.
- Determine that the point is free from dangers, and take actions to fix the gas leak.

NOTE

When high concentration gas exceeding full scale is detected, the sensor may be contaminated. In such a case, in order to ensure the reliability of the detector, carry out zero calibration and span calibration properly.

6-2. Fault alarm activation

A fault alarm is triggered when the detector detects abnormalities. After a fault alarm is triggered, the fault lamp (yellow) lights up and an error message is displayed on the LCD. Determine the causes and take appropriate actions.

After the detector is successfully returned from the fault, it restarts with the process normally performed right after it is turned on (initial clear).

If the detector has problems and is repeatedly malfunctioning, contact our overseas sales department or local representatives immediately.

<Display Operation>

Fault Detail Display

Display a message indicating the fault detail.

Fault Lamp (FAULT: Yellow)

This lights up when a failure occurs.

NOTE

For information on malfunctions (error messages), see "9. Troubleshooting".

6-3. Warning activation

When the environmental temperature exceeds the operating temperature of the detector, gas concentration and warning number [E-27] are shown alternately. Since this case is not failure, still the detector works. It outputs 4-20mA depending on gas concentration and does not light up failure lamp.

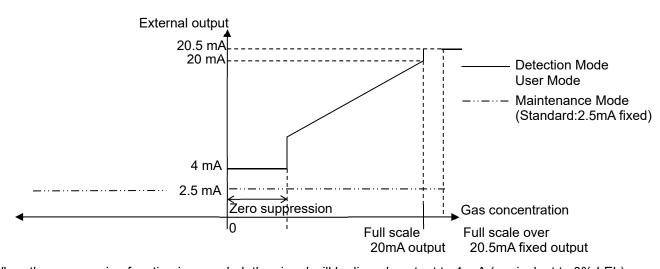
Operating temperature: -20 - +60°C(non-rapidly-vary)

6-4. External output operation

Signal Transmission System		Electric current transmission (non-isolated) 4 – 20 mA	
Transmission Path		CVVS	
Trans	smission Distance	CVVS 1.25 mm ² : Within 1.25km CVVS 2.0 mm ² : Within 2.0km	
Conn	ection Load Resistance	Below 300 Ω	
	Mode	4 - 20 mA(output value)	
1	Power Off	0 mA	
2	Initial Clear	2.5 mA (Fixed)	
3	Detection Mode(No alarm)	4 - 20 mA (concentration output)	
4 Detection Mode(Gas alarm)		4 - 20 mA (concentration output)	
5 Detection Mode (Full scale over)		20.5 mA (Fixed)	
6 Out of operating temperature 4 - 20 mA (concentration output) range		4 - 20 mA (concentration output)	
7	Fault Alarm	0.5 mA (Fixed)	
8 INHIBIT 2.5 mA (Fixed)		2.5 mA (Fixed)	
9 Alarm Test Mode		Output ON setting: 4 - 20 mA (concentration output) Output OFF setting: 4 mA	
10	10 User Mode 4 - 20 mA (concentration output)		
11 Maintenance Mode		2.5 mA (Fixed)	

Example of Gas Concentration and External Output

4 - 20 mA specification



When the suppression function is canceled, the signal will be linearly output to 4 mA (equivalent to 0% LEL).



CAUTION

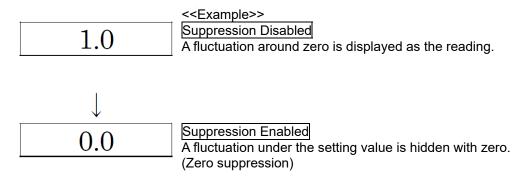
- The 4 20 mA output is already adjusted. In case of over scale, an output will not exceed 20.5 mA.
- Output during INHIBIT is based on 4 20 mA output setting in the maintenance mode. (Standard:2.5mA [Fixed])

In particular, when the detector is started or the specification is changed, be careful about 4-20 mA output setting. Understand how the detector functions, and take actions, if necessary, so that the signal receiver side can prepare to avoid false alarms.

6-5. Other functions

<Suppression Function>

The sensors used with the detector are influenced by environmental changes (temperature, humidity, and other characteristics) or interference gases (interference characteristics) in no small measure, which affects the reading. Therefore, the reading might be fluctuated around zero even in a normal environment. This function obscures influences by environmental changes and interference gases around zero that have no meaning for your management rules of gas alarm. This function is used to hide (suppress) the fluctuation of the reading under the setting value, indicating zero.



NOTE -

- The suppression function is factory-set. The standard setting value is 5% FS.
- In the Zero adjustment mode, this function is disabled and the fluctuation of the reading below the setting value is displayed.
- The setting value shall be changed by our service personnel or the personnel who is trained. Do not attempt to change by yourself.



CAUTION

A reading under zero is suppressed with the 10% FS suppression.

A reading that is 10% FS or more under zero is displayed as "-0.0", which prevents an accurate gas detection and needs the zero adjustment.

7

Maintenance

This is an important instrument for the purpose of safety.

To maintain the performance of the detector and improve the reliability of safety, perform a regular maintenance.

7-1. Maintenance intervals and items

- Daily maintenance: Perform maintenance before beginning to work.
- Monthly maintenance: Perform maintenance on the alarm circuit (alarm test) once a month.
- Regular maintenance: Perform maintenance once or more for every six months to maintain the performance as a safety unit.

Maintenance item	Maintenance content	Daily maintenance	Monthly maintenance	Regular maintenance
Power Supply Check	Check that the power lamp lights up.	0	0	0
Concentration Display Check	Check that the concentration display value is zero. When the reading is incorrect, perform the zero adjustment after ensuring that no other gases exist around it.	0	0	0
Alarm Test	Inspect the alarm circuit by using the alarm test function.	_	0	0
Gas Adjustment	Perform the sensitivity calibration by using the calibration gas.	_	-	0
Gas Alarm Check	Check the gas alarm by using the calibration gas.	_	-	0
Ground wire check	Check the connection of the grounding wire (no looseness or corrosion) to maintain EMC performance.	_	-	0

<About Maintenance Services>

- We provide services on regular maintenance including span adjustment, adjustment and maintenance.
 To make the calibration gas, dedicated tools, such as a gas cylinder of the specified concentration and gas sampling bag must be used.
 - Our qualified service engineers have expertise and knowledge on the dedicated tools used for services, along with other products. To maintain the safety operation of the detector, please use our maintenance service.
- The followings are typical maintenance services. For more information, please contact our overseas sales department or local representative.

Main Services

Power Supply Check

Checks the power supply voltage. Verifies that the power lamp lights up.

(Verifies that relevant points can be identified on the system.)

(When a UPS (uninterruptible power system) is used, checks the operation with the UPS

(uninterruptible power system).)

Concentration Display Check Verifies that the concentration display value is zero (or 20.9 vol% on the oxygen deficiency

meter) by using the zero gas.

Performs the zero adjustment (AIR adjustment) if the reading is incorrect.

Alarm Test Inspects the alarm circuit by using the alarm test function.

· Checks the alarm lamps. (Checks ALM activation.)

• Checks the external alarm. (Checks the activation of the external alarm, such as a buzzer.)

Gas Adjustment Gas Alarm

Check

Performs the sensitivity calibration by using the calibration gas.

Checks the gas alarm by using the calibration gas.

• Checks the alarm. (Checks the alarm activation when the alarm setpoint is reached.)

• Checks the delay time. (Checks time to delay until the alarm is triggered.)

· Checks the alarm lamps. (Checks ALM activation.)

· Checks the external alarm. (Check the activation of external alarms, such as a buzzer and

reset signal.)

Cleaning and Repair of the Detector

Checks dust or damage on surface, cover, or internal parts of the detector, clean and repair

such parts of the detector.

Replaces parts which are cracked or damaged.

diagnosis) Detector Operation Check

(visual

Parts

Uses the keys to check the operation of functions and parameters.

Replacement of

Consumable

Replaces consumable parts, such as a sensor, filter and pump.

7-2. Maintenance Mode(Regular maintenance)



WARNING

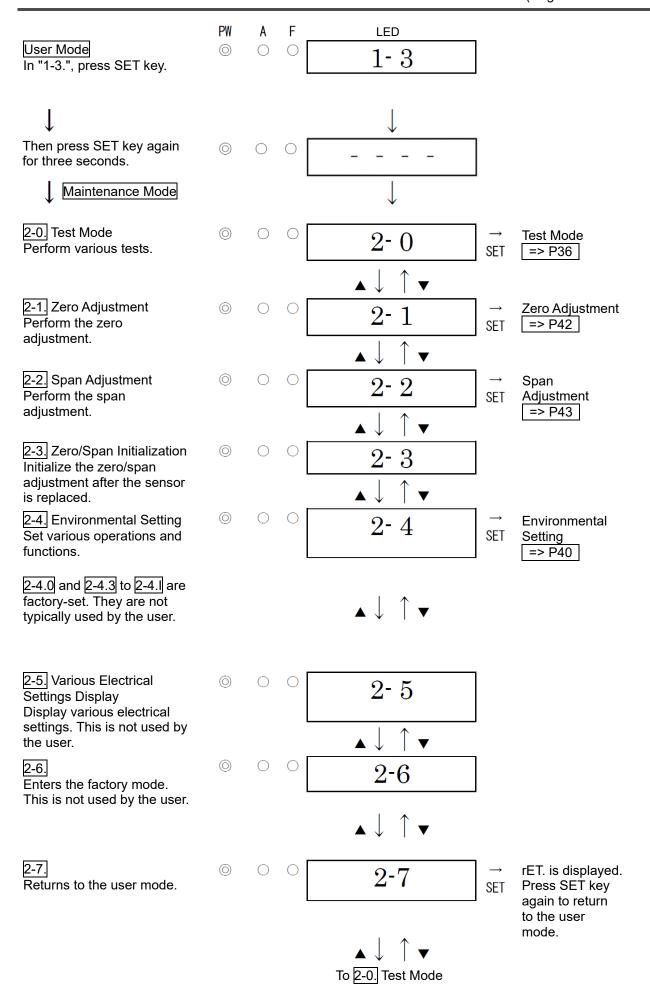
After the adjustment is completed, never fail to press MENU/ESC key to return to the detection mode. (If the detector remains in the maintenance mode, it automatically returns to the detection mode in ten hours.)

Mode	Item	LED display	Details
	Test Mode	2-0	Perform various tests. 2-0.0 Gas Test 2-0.1 Alarm Test 2-0.2 Fault Test 2-0.3 LED Test 2-0.4 Memory Test
	Zero Adjustment	2-1	Perform the zero adjustment.
	Span Adjustment	2-2	Perform the span adjustment.
	Zero/Span Initialization	2-3	Initialize zero/span values.
Maintenance Mode (Regular maintenance)	Environmental Setting	2-4	Used for various environmental settings. 2-4.0 Sensor power supply ON/OFF 2-4.1 INHIBIT Setting 2-4.2 Alarm Setpoint Setting 2-4.3 Alarm Delay Time Setting 2-4.4 Alarm Pattern Setting 2-4.5 Zero Suppression Pattern Setting 2-4.6 Zero Suppression Value Setting 2-4.7 Not used 2-4.8 Not used 2-4.9 Not used 2-4.9 Not used 2-4.A Maintenance Mode External Output Setting 2-4.B External Output Setting 2-4.C Alarm Test External Output Setting 2-4.D Sensor Temperature Compensation Coefficient Setting 2-4.F Password Setting 2-4.F Sensor Fault Alarm Pattern Setting 2-4.H Sensor Voltage Standardize Adjustment 2-4.I Sensor Output Record
	Display	2-5	Display various electrical settings. This is not typically used by the user.
	Switch to factory mode	2-6	Not used
	Switch to user mode	2-7	Returns to the user mode.

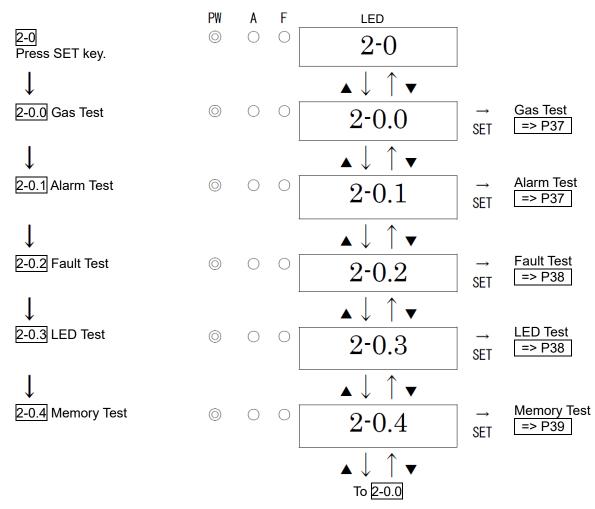
< Environment setting items and adjustment range >

The unit is set at the factory to operate properly. Changing settings is not recommended. If any change is necessary, carefully consider that there are no operational problems.

LED display	Item	Factory setting value	Adjustable range
2-4.1	INHIBIT	OFF	OFF / ON
2-4.2	Alarm Setpoint	25.0% FS	10 to 60% FS
2-4.6	Zero Suppression Value	5.0% FS	0 to 2/3 of alarm point



<Test Mode "2-0">





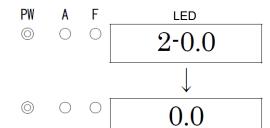
WARNING

- Before starting the alarm test (transmission test), provide a notification to the related sections so that
 they can prepare for false abnormalities (external output signals). After the test is completed, never
 fail to press MENU/ESC key to return to the detection mode. (If the detector remains in the alarm test
 mode, it automatically returns to the detection mode in ten hours.)
- In the alarm test mode, the gas concentration equal to the reading is output even in the maintenance mode depending on the setting. Take actions, if necessary, so that the signal receiver side can prepare to avoid false alarms.

<Gas Test "2-0.0">

2-0.0 Press SET key.

Introduce the test gas and perform the gas test.



Stop introducing the test gas. When the reading drops, press MENU/ESC key to cancel the test and to go back to the original state.





WARNING

Because gas concentration output can be activated by a gas test even in the maintenance mode depending on setting, be careful to perform the test.

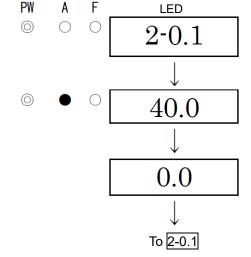
<Alarm Test "2-0.1">

2-0.1 Press SET key.

 \downarrow

Perform the gas alarm test by increasing or decreasing the reading with ▲ or ▼ key.

Press MENU/ESC key to cancel the test and to go back to the original state.

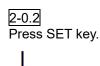




WARNING

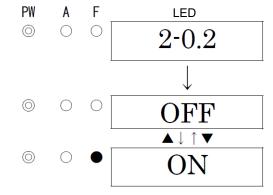
Because gas concentration output can be activated by an alarm test even in the maintenance mode depending on setting, be careful to perform the test.

<Fault Test "2-0.2">



Fault Test ON/OFF

Select either ON/OFF.
Switch ON and press SET key to activate the fault alarm.
Return to OFF and press SET key to deactivate the fault alarm.
(Pressing MENU/ESC key also enables to cancel this menu and to go back to the original state.)

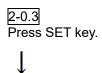




WARNING

Because gas concentration output can be activated by a fault test even in the maintenance mode depending on setting, be careful to perform the test.

<LED Test "2-0.3">

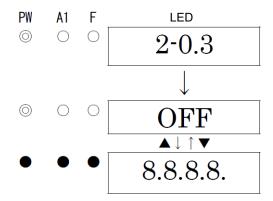


LED Test ON/OFF

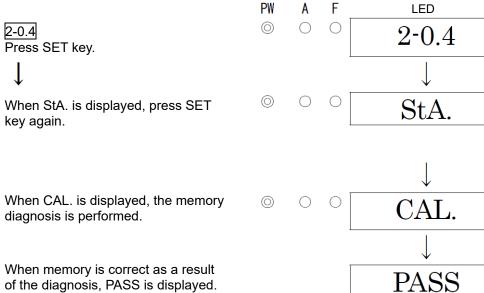
Select either ON/OFF.
Switch ON and press SET key to turn on the LED (POWER, ALM, FAULT) and to display the gas concentration of 8.8.8.8..

Return to OFF and press SET key to deactivate this menu. (Pressing MENU/ESC key also

enables to cancel this menu and to go back to the original state.)



<Memory Test "2-0.4">



When memory is correct as a result of the diagnosis, PASS is displayed. Press SET key to go back to the original state.

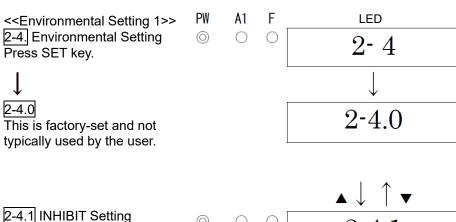


NOTE -

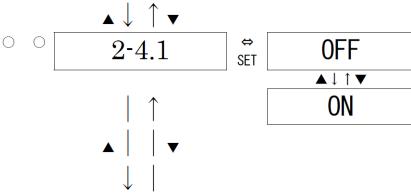
When abnormalities are found in memory as a result of the diagnosis, PASS is not displayed. F-RA is displayed for the RAM fault, and F-RO is displayed for the ROM fault. For both the RAM fault and ROM fault, F-RA and F-RO are displayed alternately.

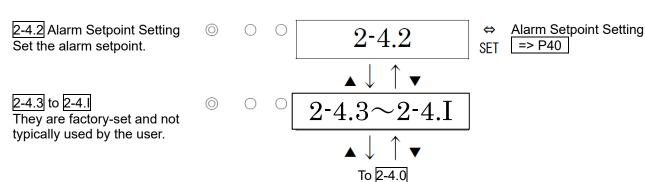
<Environmental Setting "2-4">

Set various operations and functions in the environmental setting.

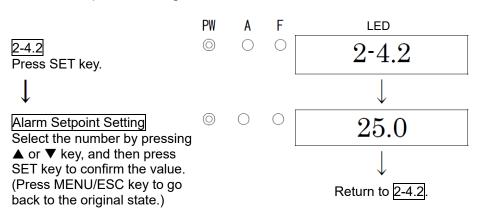


Set INHIBIT.
Select either ON/OFF, and then press SET key to confirm the selection.
When ON is selected, in the detection mode InHI and 0.0 (gas concentration value) are displayed on the LCD alternately. As a result, an alarm is not triggered to external device.





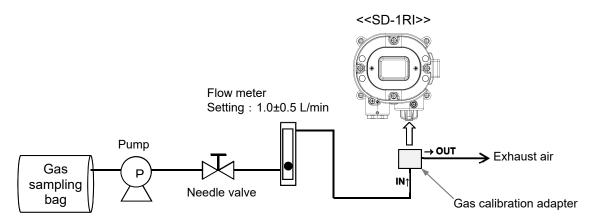
<Alarm Setpoint Setting "2-4.2">



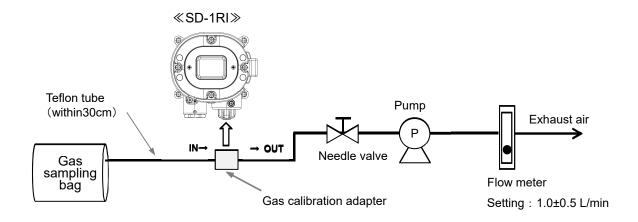
7-3. Gas calibration method

- (1) Pipe is attached as shown by the figure below. With type of calibration gas, pipe configuration is targeted by "pushing type" or "suction type". When calibrate with solvent gas, only "suction type" and Teflon tube can be allowed. (Length of gas sampling bag and gas calibration adapter tube is within 30cm.)
- (2) Perform a gas calibration in each mode (zero adjustment mode and span adjustment mode) using the calibration gas.
 - · Zero adjustment gas
 - Span adjustment gas (collected in a gas sampling bag)
 - Gas sampling bags
 *Use a tedlar bag when make gas from solvent to prevent adsorption.
- (3) It is recommended that zero adjustment and span adjustment be performed after one hour or more has elapsed since turning on the power. Also, after introducing zero adjustment and span adjustment gas for 120 seconds or longer, perform each operation.

Pushing type (calibration gas: Gas)



Suction type (calibration gas: Gas or solvent gas)



<Zero Adjustment "2-1">

This is used to perform the zero adjustment.

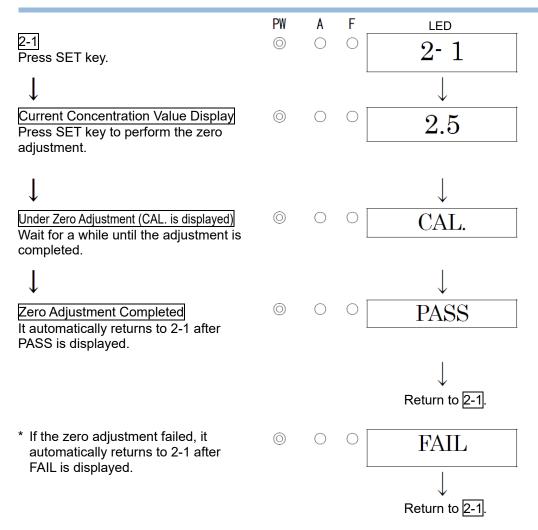


WARNING

When the zero adjustment is performed in the atmosphere, check the atmosphere for freshness before beginning the adjustment. If other gases exist, the adjustment cannot be performed properly, thus leading to dangers when the gas leaks.

NOTE

• Before starting the zero adjustment, provide the detector with the zero adjustment gas and wait until the indicator is stabilized.



NOTE:

 If the zero calibration failed since the zero point was significantly fluctuated from around zero, it returns to 2-1 after FAIL rather than PASS is displayed. In this case, the zero adjustment has not been completed.

This is used to perform the span adjustment.

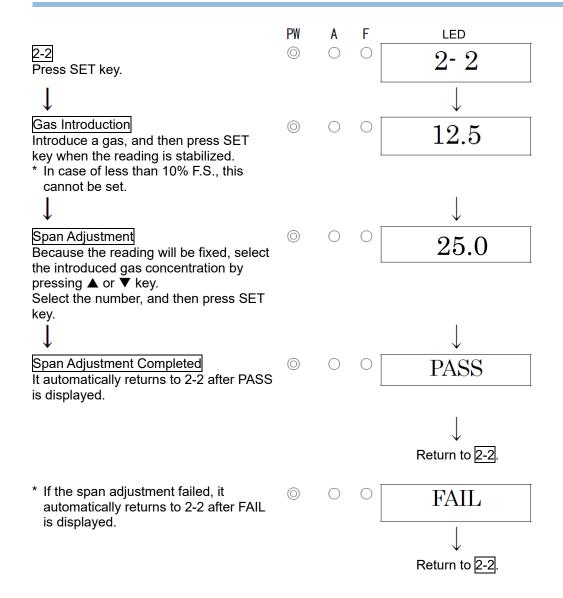


CAUTION

- Before starting the span adjustment, provide the detector with the span adjustment gas(adequate 1.6 times thicker gas than alarm setpoint value or 40% F.S.) and wait until the indicator is stabilized.
- For the EN 60079-29-1 compliant specifications, use the gas with the concentration described in "10.1 Sensing target gas list" for the gas used for span adjustment. For other general specifications, use 1.6 times the concentration of alarm setpoint value (or 40%F.S.).

NOTE

• An exclusive jig is necessary to perform span adjustment. We recommend that you ask our local sales office nearest you.



NOTE -

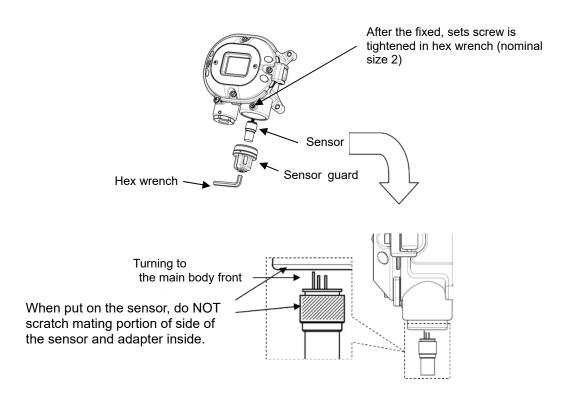
- If the span adjustment failed since the reading was significantly fluctuated from the introduced gas concentration, it returns to 2-2 after FAIL rather than PASS is displayed. In this case, the span adjustment has not been completed.
 - Check if the correct concentration span adjustment gas has been provided and check the gas adjustment tool for a gas leak. If there are mistakes, perform the span adjustment again.
 - If the span adjustment cannot be performed even when there is no mistake or after the correction, the gas sensor life has expired. After turning off the power supply, please contact our overseas sales department or local representatives.

7-4. Parts replacement

<Sensor Replacement>

Gas sensor replacement is according to the following procedures.

- (1) Turn off the power supply (24V) to the detector.
- (2) After loosened set screw by hex wrench (nominal size 2),remove sensor guard by hex wrench (nominal size 6).
- (3) Remove the sensor. Pinch top of sensor (sintered metal portion) by using finger, and pull out it.
- (4) Mount a new sensor. There are five pins for sensor, but a pin is longer than the others to show the reference, and equip detection unit with sensor .When put on the sensor, do NOT scratch mating portion of side of the sensor and adapter inside.
- (5) After replacing a sensor, put on a sensor guard and set screw firmly.
- (6) After sensor replacement, turn on the power and warm up, then do the zero point adjustment and span adjustment by [7-3. Gas calibration method].



NOTE -

The gas calibration using the standard gas is required after the sensor is replaced. Please request it to our overseas sales department or local representatives.



WARNING

- Do NOT exchange any parts while turn on electricity. It may happen fire.
- Turn off the power supply, and then replace parts.

<Replacement of Regular Replacement Parts>

List of recommended regular replacement parts

No.	Item	Maintenance intervals	Replacement intervals (year)	Quantity (pieces/unit)
1	Guard assembly	6 months	3 - 8 years	1

^{*} After replacements having need of operation check by professional service engineers. To maintain the safety operation of the detector, please use our maintenance service. Request RIKEN KEIKI for it.

NOTE

• The above replacement intervals are recommendation only. The intervals may change depending on the operating conditions. These intervals do not mean the warranty periods either. The result of the regular maintenance may determine when to replace the parts.

8

Storage, Relocation and Disposal

8-1. Procedures to store the detector or leave it for a long time

The detector must be stored under the following environmental conditions.

- In a dark place under the normal temperature and humidity away from direct sunlight
- In a place where gases, solvents or vapors are not present

8-2. Procedures to relocate the detector or use it again

When the detector is relocated, select a new place in accordance with "4-2. Precautions for installation points" and "4-4. How to install".

For information on wiring, see "4-6. How to wire". The unpowered time must be minimized when the detector is relocated.



CAUTION

When using a relocated or stopped/stored detector again, do not forget to perform a gas calibration.
 For information on readjustment including a gas calibration, please contact our overseas sales department or local representatives.

8-3. Disposal of products

When the detector is disposed of, it must be treated properly as an industrial waste in accordance with the local regulations.

9 Troubleshooting 9 Troubleshooting

9

Troubleshooting

The troubleshooting does not explain the causes of all the malfunctions which occur on the detector. This simply helps to find the causes of malfunctions which frequently occur. If the detector shows a symptom which is not explained in this manual, or still has malfunctions even though remedial actions are taken, please contact our overseas sales department or local representatives.

<Abnormalities on Unit>

Symptom/Display	FAULT	Causes	Actions
		The wiring is not correct.	Connect the wiring properly.
		The terminal plate is removed.	Connect the terminal plate properly.
The power cannot be turned on.	-	Abnormalities/momentary blackout of power supply system	Provide the rated voltage. Check the UPS, power supply line filter and insulation transformer, and then take additional measures.
		Cable abnormalities (open circuit/not connected/short circuit)	Check the wiring of detector and related devices around it.
Abnormal operations	-	Disturbances by sudden surge noise, etc.	Turn off and restart the detector. If such a symptom is observed frequently, take appropriate measures to eliminate the noise.
		The sensor is not connected or improperly connected.	Check if the sensor cable is securely fastened to the terminal plate.
Sensor abnormalities E-1		Zero drift caused by environmental changes or aging deterioration is out of the range of the threshold	Perform the zero adjustment. If the symptom persists after the zero adjustment, replace the sensor with a new one.
		Faults of the sensor	Replace the sensor with a new one.
		The rated voltage is not supplied to the detector.	Check the power supply, and supply the rated voltage. It occurs when the voltage of the power supply falls below 17.0 V.
System		Abnormalities of ROM, RAM or EEPROM inside of the detector	Please contact our overseas sales department or local representatives.
abnormalities E-9	normalities •	Output signal (4-20mA) does not work correctly.	Check if the cable for external output is correctly connected. (Deterioration of the cable, connection of the host system, etc). If the output is not necessary, connect a resistance to the terminal as mentioned in P16. If it is correctly connected, contact our overseas sales department or local agents because a failure inside this detector might be occurred.

9 Troubleshooting 9 Troubleshooting

<Abnormalities of Readings>

Symptoms	Causes	Actions
	Drifting of sensor output	Perform the zero adjustment.
The reading rises	Presence of interference gas	Interference gas test including solvents are identified, and be treated properly.
The reading rises (drops) and it remains so.	Slow leak	A very small amount of the gas to be detected may be leaking (slow leak). Because ignoring it may cause dangers, take a remedial measure, i.e., taking actions the same as those for the gas alarm.
	Environmental changes	Perform the zero adjustment (AIR adjustment).
	Presence of interference gas	Interference gas test including solvents are identified, and be treated properly.
A gas alarm is triggered despite of no gas leak	Disturbance by noise	Turn off and restart the detector. If such a symptom is observed frequently, take appropriate measures to eliminate the noise.
and no other abnormalities at the detection point.	Sudden change in the environment	When the environment (temperature, etc.) changes suddenly, the detector cannot adjust to it and is affected by it. In some cases, the detector triggers an indication alarm. Because the detector cannot be used under sudden and frequent environmental changes, any preventive actions should be taken to eliminate them by the user.
Slow response	Deteriorated sensor sensitivity	Replace the sensor with a new one.
Sensitivity calibration	Improper calibration gas concentration	Use the proper calibration gas.
impossible	Deteriorated sensor sensitivity	Replace the sensor with a new one.

<Abnormalities of installation environment>

Symptom/Display	FAULT	Causes	Actions
Out of operating temperature range E-27	_	The environmental temperature is out of operating temperature range	Operating temperature range -20 to +60°C If environmental temperature is out of operating temperature range, countermeasure for adjusting environmental temperature is needed to be considered.

10

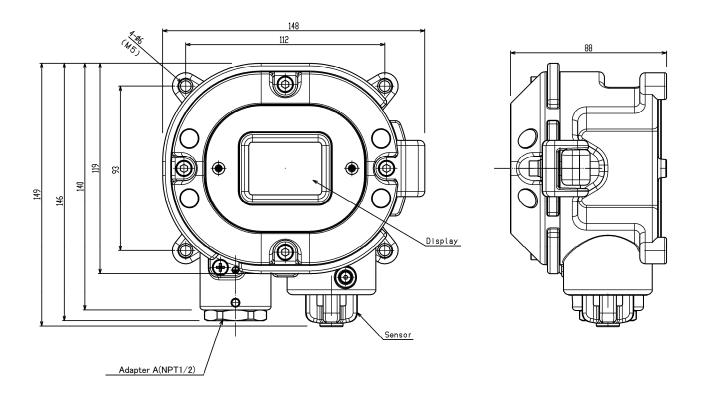
Product Specifications

10-1. List of specifications

Model	SD-1RI		
Туре	TYPE MED EX		
Detection principle	Non-dispersive infrared absorption method		
Detection gas	Combustible gas/Toxic gas		
Gas concentration display	LED(4digits • 7segments)		
Detection range	Depend on detection gas		
Resolution	Depend on detection gas		
Detection method	Diffusion method		
Alarm setpoints	Depend on detection gas		
Power display	POWER lamp lighting(green)		
Output	Gas concentration signal (4-20mA output)		
Alarm accuracy	Within ±25% to the alarm setpoints value		
(under an identical condition)			
Alarm-delay time	Within 30sec		
(under an identical condition)	(when introducing 1.6 times thicker gas than alarm setpoints value)		
Gas alarm type	Single alarm(H)		
Gas alarm display	ALM lamp lighting(red)		
Gas alarm pattern	Auto-recover		
Fault alarm • Self diagnosis	System failure (E-9)/Sensor failure (E-1)		
Fault alarm display	FAULT lamp lighting(yellow)/Error number display		
Fault alarm pattern	System failure : Self-latching		
•	Sensor failure : Auto-recover		
Transmission scheme	Three-wire analog transmission(in common with power supply <power supply,signal,common="">)</power>		
	or Two-wire analog transmission + digital transmission(HART communication)		
Transmission specification	4 - 20mADC(linear · load resistance less than 300Ω)		
Communication scheme	HART 7 (For maintenance function only)		
Transmission cable	CVVS worth of shield cable(1.25mm²)·4-core or 3-core		
	CVVS worth of shield cable(2.0mm ²)·4-core or 3-core		
Transmission distance	Less than 1.25km in case of CVVS 1.25mm ²		
	Less than 2.0km in case of CVVS 2.0mm ²		
Functions	Alarm delay/Suppress/HART communication		
Power supply	24VDC±10%		
Power consumption	MAX.2W		
Cabling port	Adapter A <npt1 2=""> or adapter B<npt3 4=""> or adapter <m20 1.5="" ×=""> or</m20></npt3></npt1>		
	Pressure proof packing gland <g3 4=""> (Compatible cables φ9.6 - 13.0mm in outer diameter)</g3>		
Initial clear	Approx.25sec		
Operating temperature range*	-20 to +60°C (non-rapidly-vary)		
Operating humidity range	Less than 95%RH (non-condensing)		
Operating pressure range*	80 to 120kPa		
Storage temperature range	-25 to +60°C (non-rapidly-vary, non-condensing)		
Structure	Wall mounting type		
Explosion protected	Flame proof structure		
construction			
Explosion-proof class	II 2 G Ex db II C T6 Gb(ATEX) / Ex db II C T6 Gb(IECEx)		
Dimensions	Approx.148(W)×149(H)×88(D)mm(projection portions excluded)		
Weight	Approx.2.0kg		
Color	Munsell 7.5BG5/2		
The ambient temperature range which maintain a capability of explosion proof of the label on the detector is -20 to +60°C.			

^{*} The ambient temperature range which maintain a capability of explosion proof of the label on the detector is -20 to +60°C. However, the available operating temperature range is different depending on detectable gas.

Outline Drawings



<Detectable gas list (MED specification)>

Detectable gas	Methane	Propane	Isobutane
Gas code	ode CH ₄		i-C ₄ H ₁₀
Measuring range	0-100 %LEL/0-100vol%	0-100 %LEL	0-100 %LEL
LEL concentration	4.4 vol%	1.7 vol%	1.3 vol%
Alarm point	25.0 %LEL	25.0 %LEL	25.0 %LEL
Operating temperature range	-20 to +60°C	-20 to +60°C	-20 to +60°C
Air velocity range	0 to 6m/s	0 to 6m/s	0 to 6m/s
Orientation limits	Normal ± 90°	Normal ± 90°	Normal ± 90°
Accuracy	Within ±5% FS	Within ±5% FS	Within ±5% FS
(under an identical condition)			
Repeatability	Within ±2% FS	Within ±2% FS	Within ±2% FS
(under an identical condition)			
Time of response	Increasing concentration T50 Within 20sec	Increasing concentration T50 Within 20sec	Increasing concentration T50 Within 20sec
	T90 Within 40sec	T90 Within 40sec	T90 Within 40sec
	Decreasing concentration	Decreasing concentration	Decreasing concentration
	T50 Within 20sec	T50 Within 20sec	T50 Within 20sec
	T90 Within 40sec	T90 Within 40sec	T90 Within 40sec
Span gas concentration	0-100 %LEL: 1.80 to 2.60 vol%	0.70 to 1.20vol%	0.55 to 0.95vol%
	0-100 vol%: 45.0 to 55.0 vol%		
Span gas flow rate	1.0 ± 0.5 L/min	1.0 ± 0.5 L/min	1.0 ± 0.5 L/min

^{*} The lower explosion limit (LEL) concentration is based on EN 60079-20-1: 20xx.

EN 60079-29-1 approved option items

No.	Item name	Item sub name	Part number	
1	Calibration cap	SD-1RI	4287 9151 60	Figure 1
2	Dedicated control key		4286 9200 80	Figure 2

Figure 1

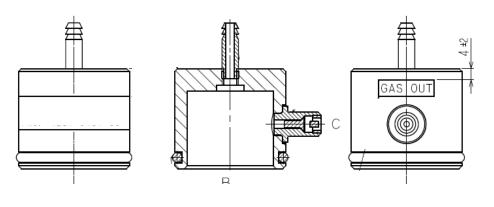
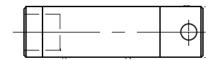


Figure 2



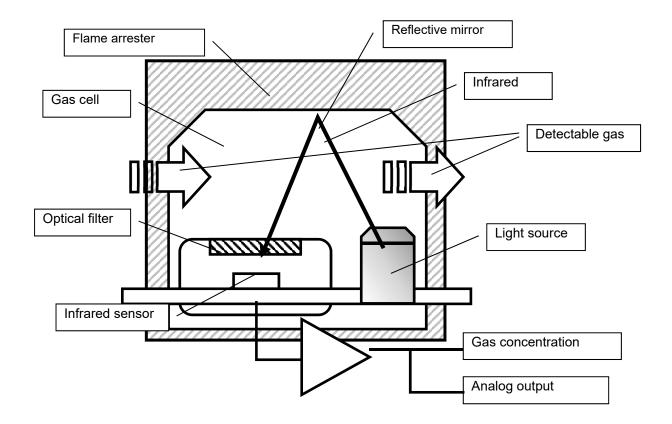
10-2. Detection principle

Model SD-1RI is based on NDIR (Non-Dispersive Infrared) and this structure is shown below.

The infrared beam emitted from the light source passes through the gas cell, and optical band pass filter which can pass the absorption wave of measuring gas and attains gas cell is absorbed by the measuring gas when measuring gas is supplied into the gas cell and will decrease according to its concentration. The variable amount of infrared ray is measured by the infrared sensor and it is displayed as gas concentration.

Then, there is no sensitivity against gas which have the different absorption wave from the measuring gas. Then there is no sensitivity against N2 and H2 etc which cannot absorb infrared. As compared with the conventional catalytic combustion method, there is no poisoning material to be absorbed and almost no sensitivity drop on this detection principle.

The light source, gas cell, infrared sensor etc are housed in a flame arrestor to be an explosion (flame) proof structure.



11 Definition of Terms 11 Definition of Terms

11

Definition of Terms

Non-dispersive infrared type	This is a principle of the sensor installed in the detector head. See "10-2. Detection principle" for details.
Initial clear	Output from the detector head fluctuates for a while after turning on the power. This is a function to prevent triggering alarm during that time.
Full scale	Maximum value of the detection range.
%LEL	A unit which the lower explosive limit (LEL) of the combustible gas to be detected is set to 100.
vol%	A unit used to express the percentage of a specific substance (or gas) in a volume of solution.
Calibration	Adjusts the readings to the calibration gas concentration value by using the calibration gas.
Zero suppression	A function to cut off the specific drifting that the sensor has.
INHIBIT	The gas detection function is temporarily suspended during maintenance, etc. of the detector.
	This is also called "point skip", which has the same function.
HART communication	4-20mA DC signal digitals signalling is superimposed, and is methods that transmit multiple signals.

Revision History

Edition	Revision	Date issued
0	First edition	7/2/2020
1	Safety information, Declaration of Conformity	11/30/2020
2	P23 Warm-up time deleted P28 Changed to auto-reset operation P32 Added to "Ground wire check" maintenance items P50 Correction of specifications P52 Added CH4 0-100vol% to the list of gases to be detected (MED specification) P54 Added "vol%" to the definition of terms	1/5/2021
3	Declaration of Conformity	11/12/2021
4	P25, 31, 32, 35, 36, 41 Deleted mention of negative suppression values P36 Deleted information regarding password entry when transitioning to maintenance mode.	7/29/2022
5	Safety information, Declaration of Conformity	12/13/2022
6	UKEX and UKCA deleted, Safety information corrected, Declaration of Conformity updated	2/19/2024



EU-Declaration of Conformity

Document No.: 320CE23009



RIKEN KEIKI Co., Ltd. 2-7-6, Azusawa, Itabashi-ku, Tokyo, 174-8744, Japan declare under our sole responsibility that the following product conforms to all the relevant provisions.

Product Name: Smart transmitter/Gas Detector Head

Model: SD-1RI, SD-1DRI

Council Directives		Applicable Standards
2014/30/EU	EMC Directive	EN 50270:2015
2014/34/EU	ATEX Directive	EN IEC 60079-0:2018 EN 60079-1:2014
2011/65/EU ^[1]	RoHS Directive	EN IEC 63000:2018

^[1]Including substances added by Commission Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863

DEKRA 24ATEX0004X EU-Type examination Certificate No.

Notified Body for ATEX DEKRA Certification B.V. (NB 0344)

> Meander 1051, 6825 MJ Arnhem P.O. Box 5185, 6802 ED Arnhem

The Netherlands

Auditing Organization for ATEX DEKRA Certification B.V. (NB 0344)

> Meander 1051, 6825 MJ Arnhem P.O. Box 5185, 6802 ED Arnhem

> > F. Lukelhota

The Netherlands

The marking of the product shall include the following:

II 2 G Ex db IIC T6 Gb

Place: Tokyo, Japan

Date: Feb. 15, 2024 Takakura Toshiyuki

General manager

Quality Control Center